# Lesson 3 Ways of Organising the Data

# Data Organising

- Flat file
- Spreadsheet
- Database
- Relational database (only one scheme)

# Data Organising

- Multiple schemas Data
- SQL Database
- Not Only SQL or NOSQL
- Relational Time Series service database

(Collect + Assemble + Manage) for analytics and

2017



Fig. 5.1 (a) Connect + Collect + Assemble + Manage IBM conceptual framework (b) Manage, Acquire, Organise and Analyse Oracle's framework in the IoT Architecture

# **Database and Relational Database**

- A collection of data
- The collection organised into tables
- Relational database: a collection of data into multiple tables which relates to each other through special fields.

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An Example of Application, service and process common relational database  $RDB_{AVCM}$  tables

- Table A for ACVMs information, and pending service requests Num1, Num 2, Num2, Num 3 and Num 4 for the five flavours available at an ACVM.
- Table B is for ACVMs Fill Request Information, and
- C for chocolates Fill service actions

# RDB<sub>AVCM</sub> Table A—ACVMs information

Mach-	Reg-	Add	Install-	Maint-	Fill	Pen-	Pen-	Pen-	Pen-
ine	ion	-ress	ation	enance	Ser-	ding	ding	ding	ding
ID			Date	Sch-	vice	Req.	Req.	Req.	Req.
				edule	Addr	Num	Num	Num	Num
					-ess	1	2	3	4

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# RDB<sub>AVCM</sub> Table B—ACVMs fill request information

Service	Machi	Request	Num.	Num.	Num.	Num.	Num.
Request	ne	Receipt	FL1	FL 2	FL 3	FL 4	FL5
Num	ID	DateTi	Req.	Req.	Req.	Req.	Req.
		me					

# RDB<sub>AVCM</sub> Table C—ACVMs fill service actions

Service	Service	Num.	Num.	Num.	Num.	Num.
Request	DateTime	FL1	FL 2	FL 3	FL 4	FL5
Num.		Sent	Sent	Sent	Sent	Sent

# Object oriented database (OODB)

- Object oriented database (OODB) is collection of objects
- Saved objects in objected oriented design

### Database Management System

• A software system, which contains a set of programs specially designed for creation and management of Data stored in a DB.

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#### Database transaction

- The execution of a specific set of operations on a DB
- Transactions performed on a DB.

## **DB** Transaction Models

- The transactions must maintain the transaction atomicity
- Consistency,
- Isolation and
- Durability.

## **Relational Database transaction**

- The execution of interrelated instructions using relations
- A sequential execution of a specific set of relational operations on relational DB

# Query and Query Processing

- An Application/Service/Process seeking a specific data set from a database/relational database
- Query processing means using a process
- Getting the results of the query made from a DB

# Distributed DB

- A collection of logically interrelated, cooperating databases over a computer network.
- Distributed DB system has ability to access remote sites and transmit queries.

## **Distributed Query Processing**

• Query processing operations in distributed databases on same system or networked systems

# Structured Query Language (SQL)

- A language for data access control, schema creation and modifications.
- Language for managing the RDBMS.
- Language for data definition, data manipulation and data control instructions

# Not Only SQL or NOSQL

- No integration with applications that are based on SQL
- Used in Cloud Data Store
- NOSQL consists of Classes of non-relational data storage systems
- Flexible data models, and
- Multiple schemas.

#### Time series data

• An array of numbers indexed with time (date-time or a range of date-time)

## Decision on Real Time Data

- Fast when query processing in live data (streaming) has low latency
- The decision on historical data is fast when interactive query processing has low latency.

# Summary

#### We learnt

- Flat File
- Spreadsheet
- DBMS, RDBMS and OODB
- SQL or NOSQL
- Time Series Data
- Real Time Data

## End of Lesson 3 on Ways of Organising the Data